

WEARING INSTRUCTIONS

(IMPORTANT! PLEASE KEEP FOR FUTURE REFERENCE)

www.pouchlings.com

THE BENEFITS OF "WEARING" YOUR BABY

Baby-wearing is the practice of carrying an infant in a sling or baby- carrier. It is an ancient tradition practiced by many cultures around the world and it has many benefits for both baby and wearer:

-Wearing your baby in the time straight after birth, helps him/her to adapt more gently to life outside the womb. It is especially beneficial for premature babies who have been clinically shown to thrive if regularly touched, stroked and held;

-Studies show that babies who are regularly worn are calmer and cry up to 56% less than non-carried babies;

 -Worn babies spend more time in a state of "quiet alertness" which promotes earlier cognitive, language, and social development;

-Carried babies generally develop a more secure attachment to their main caregiver and become independent sooner.

 -Being carried in a sling more than being laid down, prevents the baby from developing "flat head syndrome";

 -Wearing your baby promotes bonding; helps with post-natal depression, and facilitates breastfeeding;
 -Wearing your baby gives you the freedom to get on with essential

tasks whilst keeping the baby with you;

 In situations where buggies are inconvenient and cumbersome, wearing your baby can be a real 'life-saver' (for example: country walks; crowded shops; public transport; high-rise flat; the beach etc);

-Slings are cost effective and can often eliminate the need to buy a double buggy.

NEWBORN CARRY (0 - 4 months approx.)



1. The the Mei Tai high on their feet.. weight is on their burn not up. Make sure that baby's your chest. With legs curled down. Lift baby up onto style" with the body hanging around your ribcage "apron

> inwards so that the shoulders and twist them

2. Bring the body of the

In and brings the top in closer to

better support baby's head).



shoulder. (This curves the sides Pouchlings label against your the shoulder straps over your carrier up over the baby. Pass shoulder not against your neck). strops on the ball of your



across your back and around other strap. (Try to keep the to the front. Repeat with the bring the opposite strap 3. Reach behind you and



so that they close any gap 5. Bring the straps around back - he must not sag at the side. Use the straps Spread the strap fabric out them over the baby's back. your ribcage and cross

by pulling them strongly

front, tighten the whole carrier both straps around to the When you have brought

against you. Remember to forwards to bring baby close

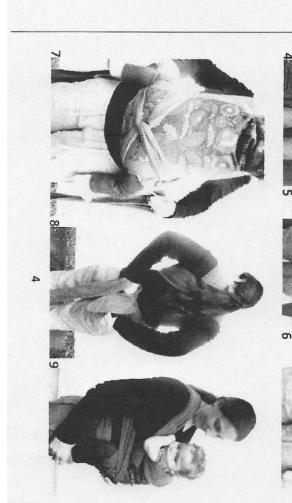
always carry baby "high and



outwards. to firmly support the baby's



gentle "C" curve. well supported but retains a securing with a double knot. shown), before passing them Make sure that baby's back is around to your back and them over each other (as 6. Tie off the straps by crossing



FRONT CARRY (approx. 3 months - 18 months)

- fabric that you want to face out hanging against your legs 1) Tie or buckle the carrier around your waist like an apron. Have the
- 2) Pick the baby up and hold against you, tummy to tummy, with his or her legs straddling your middle.
- shoulder both straps over your shoulders. into a good "M" position with knees higher than bum. Now pass baby is securely in the carrier body, take hold of the shoulder straps where they join the body and gently pull upwards to bounce the baby pulling on one of the straps which can make baby wobbly). When child's legs and up over their back. (This is more secure than just 3) Slide one arm under the carrier body and scoop it up between the
- both straps around to the front. your back with the other arm to find the opposite strap. Pull it firmly it ride up to your neck. Swap arms and repeat the process to bring down towards the opposite hip then around to the front. Don't let 4) Holding the baby securely with one arm, reach around behind
- strap over the baby's first leg and under the opposite leg straps to re-set the tension and get baby high and snug. Pass each 5) At this point, you might need to jiggle and pull forward on the
- carrier feel more supportive. wide cross shape. This takes a lot of the weight and makes the 6) Spread the strap fabric wide under the baby's bottom to make a
- baby's opposite leg. 7) Alternatively, twist the straps around each other and pass under
- 8) Tie the straps securely behind your back in a double knot.







BACK CARRY (approx. 5 months - 3 years)

1) Tie or buckle the carrier around your waist like an apron. Make sure that it is well centred.

(When starting out, it is advisable to first use the carrier over a bed or with an adult helper until you are both confident. With younger babies, you might prefer to use the <u>"Safety Method"</u> to get them onto your back or keep them entirely in the carrier (see website for these instructions).

2) Put your child on your hip; Keep your hand on her bum and pivot your elbow over her head so she can lean against the back of your arm. lean forward at a 45 degree angle, so baby can lean against your back (do not bend over completely flat as baby can topple too far forward). Bounce and slide the baby around to your back.

3) As the baby moves around, reach around with your other arm and centre her in the middle of your waist. Keep leaning forward and keep a hand on the child at all times.

 Take hold of the carrier and bring it up between the baby's legs and over their bottom;

Pull the long shoulder straps over your shoulders.

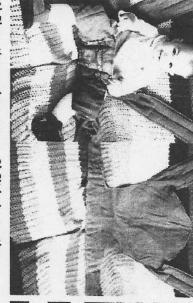
6) Stand up straighter while you pull the straps upwards and position the child higher on your back.

7) Lean forward again as you hold <u>one</u> strap firmly between your knees. Pass the other strap under your armpit and <u>over</u> the baby's first leg, under the second leg and back around to the front. Tuck this strap between your knees and repeat the process with the other strap.

(Alternatively you can twist the straps around each other - See "Front Carry" photo 7 for illustration).

9) Once you have both the strap ends at the front, either tie them off at your waist in a double knot or bring them up to tie a chest strap (see further instructions).

BACK CARRY - "SAFETY METHOD"



1) Place the carrier on a sofa or chair with the shoulder straps draped over the back and the waistband flat on the seat area.

2) Sit baby on the carrier, propped up against the sofa back. Bring the waistband and straps up between her legs.

3) Sit yourself as close as possible to the baby, with her legs on either side of your hips, and with the waistband fabric folded up against your back.

Tie the waist straps in a double knot at the front.



 Take hold of the shoulder straps and bring them over your shoulders.

5) Pull baby and carrier up onto your back making sure that she feels well centred in the body of the carrier.

6) Stand up and finish tying the shoulder straps either "Rucksack style" or "Chest Cross style".

GETTING DOWN FROM A BACK CARRY



re doing! ractice this move over a bed until you are both confident about what you

safety, firmly grip both to move baby round). bone until you are ready the level of your collar straps in one hand at your baby's legs. (For the straps from around strap knot and unravel 1. Untie the shoulder

> against your back...... 2. Keeping one hand on her full weight is forward slightly so that your child's back, lean

still wrapped in the Mei onto your hip (either arm and back round around your waist, Tai or just the baby). passing her under yourslowly slide her

> hood straps ends of the sleepyou and find the asleep, reach behind When baby falls

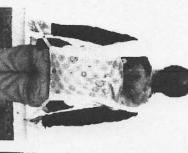


For more wearing receive her. to make a seat to you can raise your leg For extra security,

instructions on Hip and Toddler carries, please

"How To Wear" page www.pouchlings.com

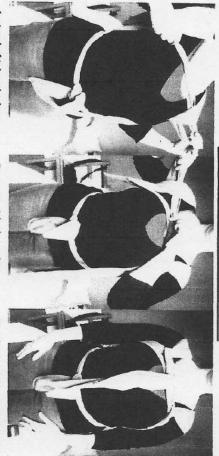
HOW TO USE THE SLEEPHOOD



straps. on the shoulder passing them through the loops Secure the straps by

HOW TO MAKE A CHEST STRAP

up over baby's head. Bring the sleep-hood flat against your back that baby's head lays Lean forward slightly so



and loop it through the one strap up the side of your opposite shoulder strap. ribs, cross it over your chest your waist, bring the end of shoulder straps off around Instead of tying the long

> shoulder straps together ends tight to cinch the strap and then pull both Repeat with the other

using a back carry. off your shoulders when shoulder straps slipping chest strap will stop the knot at the front. The Tie the ends together in a

SAFETY

The T.I.C.K.S. Rule for Safe Babywearing
Keep your baby close and keep your baby safe.
When you're wearing a sling or carrier, don't forget the T.I.C.K.S:

TIGHT – slings and carriers should be tight enough to hug your baby close to you as this will be most comfortable for you both. Any slack/loose fabric will allow your baby to slump down in the carrier which can hinder their breathing and pull on your back. **IN VIEW AT ALL TIMES** – you should always be able to see your baby's face by simply glancing down. The fabric of a sling or carrier should not close around them so you have to open it to check on them.

CLOSE ENOUGH TO KISS – your baby's head should be as close to your chin as is comfortable. By tipping your head forward you should be able to kiss your baby on the head or forehead.

KEEP CHIN OFF THE CHEST — a baby should never be curled so their chin is forced onto their chest as this can restrict their breathing. Ensure there is always a space of at least a finger width under your baby's chin.

SUPPORTED BACK – in an upright carry a baby should be held comfortably close to the wearer so their back is supported in its natural position and their tummy and chest are against you. If a sling is too loose they can slump which can partially close their airway. (This can be tested by placing a hand on your baby's back and pressing gently - they should not uncurl or move closer to you.)

(Visit: www.pouchlings.com/how-to-wear.html for more information on correct newborn positioning).

WARNINGS

-Take care when bending or leaning forwards. Your balance may be adversely affected by your movement and that of your child.

-This carrier is not suitable for use during sporting activities.

 Older babies can reach out and grab dangerous objects such as kitchen knives, hot pans etc so be vigilant - especially if using the back carry.
 A sling is not a seat belt and is NOT a substitute for a car seat!

-All POUCHLINGS slings are made with the utmost care and attention to detail. Our Mei Tais are constructed using an inner layer of calico for extra safety and durability. All weight bearing areas are stitched using Gutterman threads. Always check the sling for signs of wear & tear and do not use if you have any concerns.

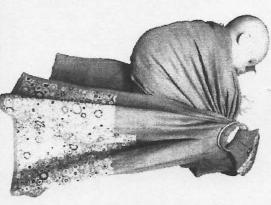
WASHCARE: Wash at 30 degrees; Line dry; Do not bleach;

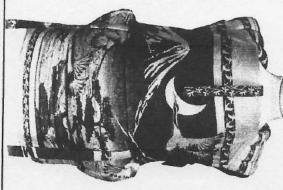
POUCHLINGS - Original Baby Slings

Also make beautiful.....









-Suitable from newborn to approx 2 years old;

-Once mastered, they are very quick to put on and baby can be popped in and out in seconds;

Multiple wearing positions;

-Independently adjustable hems allow for a nice high and tight hold;

-Greater adjustability, and a wide tail for coverage, makes them perfect for breastfeeding;

-Can be used by different sized care-givers.

 I offer wrap conversion Ring Slings, Mel Tals, Haif Buckles, Full Buckles, Reverse Haif Buckles, Podaegis and Onbuhimios.

 Wrap conversion carrier are made on a waiting list system so please contact me to book a slot.

We hope you enjoy wearing your baby in a POUCHLINGS Original Baby Sling. For more beautiful slings and baby products, please visit our website: